ang.

Olympiad organizing committee, Rodolfo Zanlungo, has, escaped, from kidnapers who, snatched him in Buenos Aires Oct. 11, according to police.

NW 52970 DocId:32735951 Page 1

By Charles A. Krause

Washington Post Foreign Service

BUENOS AIRES - "Three men in the fall of 1977 entered my place of work, showed police identification said I was wanted for questioning and escorted me outside to a run down au tomobile. My hands were handcuffed behind

my back, but my treatment was correct as long as the vehicle, was in the city. However, after we crossed the bridge into the province of Buenos Aires, the automobile pulled off into a

side street.
"I was taken out of the car, punched and then blindfolded by the three men. The men discussed among themselves whether to kill me. One suggested that kerosene would be bet ter as it disguised the body smell bet

"They again punched me and finally

one man stated that they couldn't kill me. I had to confess first."

Thus begins one man's account of his brutal and inhuman experience with Argentina's military security forces, his 11 days of torture and his more than 12 months captivity as a political prisoner. The Argentine gov-ernment never offered public evidence of terrorist activity or illegal political involvement against this man. Nor, he says, was he ever

charged with any crime.

The experience is not atypical Although somewhat improved over the last year, Argentina still ranks among the world's leading human rights of-

fenders

enders: The Carter administration has been trying to persuade the government to end the extralegal arrests and other serious abuses that continue on an almost daily basis But U.S. policy, has been a combination of carrot and stick and there are questions about how well it is working.

Many Argentines support the antiterrorist war waged by the military since it returned to power in 1976. At that time, the country was teetering toward chaos and the government faced two urban guerrilla groups that had carried out spectacular-kidnap lings:and-political murders on a scale surpassing, even those of Italy's Red

Brigades. But the tactics of the campaign disappearances, torture, thousands of political prisoners, and alleged summary executions have deeply trou bled human rights groups such as Amnesty-International-and-democratic governments in the Western Hemisphere and Western Europe...

The story of one man's suffering in the antiterrorist excesses is all.

more chilling because of the dry, factual way he tells it, in a taped conver sation with Western diplomats who made the transcript available. The transcript also is known to be in the possession of the U.S. government.

While it would be impossible to verify all the man said, there is no rea-son to believe he has fabricated it. The details sare consistent with hundreds of other such statements given to Amnesty International, and diplo-mats in Buenos Aires by persons held and later released from the 16 jails in

Argentina where political prisoners arelsaid to be held. These are stories from prisoners who made it back but the Permanent Assembly for Human Rights, Argentina's most prominent human rights group, has documented the cases of 3,211 persons who disappeared and never again were seen by their families. The assembly and Amnesty International estimate that, in all, 15,000 Argentines have disappeared, a figure with which most diplomatic sources

ment to hold persons suspected of ille gal political activity for indefinite periods without charges or trial. The man interviewed by the diplomats said he was taken to a prison several hours' drive outside. Buenos

stopped. A new voice gave orders to mylabductors on where to take me. was stripped naked and my jewelry and briefcase were taken. A hood was placed over my head.

"Shortly after being stripped; I was spread eagled on a table. My/hood was removed. Before any questions were asked, a four-pronged electric prod was run over my chest from my neck to my waist, like a rake. It was excruci atingly painful. At the start of this session and all following torture sessions, I was addressed with mocking courtesy as estimado (distinguished

After the first round of torture emied, I was so full of electricity that my jaws and tongue were paralyzed. I was allowed to rest between rounds uffil I regained some use of my jaws and tongue. A second round of appli-

cations began.

At this point, I was unable to com municate I had no use of my jaw muscles and tongue Again, the same questions were repeated. I was incapa-ble of replying. During this round I was given an injection I believe wa some sort of cardiovascular stimulant to enable me physcially to endure con-tiqued electric shock treatment.

At the conclusion of the last regind I was put in the back of a van with a man and a woman who I be lieve were dead. I saw through my blindfold a part of a woman's face which was beaten bloody I was taken to a second place of detention. I alone was taken out of the van.

When I entered [the new prison] a

hood was placed over my head. After some time I was taken into a room and subjected to a torture called 'The bucket'. My feet were forced into a bucket of ice / . . for five or six minules. After this time had passed, one of my torturers, as if to be nice, said to the others let me take my feet out But my feet were then jammed into another pail containing boiling hot water. The pain was intense. After several minutes, my feet were again placed back into the bucket of ice water and the questioning began a was subjected to four cold hot cycles

T was then carried, as I could not walk, and placed on the wooden floor of a small cell Up a staircase, a friendly voice consoled me that it was only a few steps more. I then slept for an unknown period.

Some time later, I was taken from my cell and brought into a room where there were other prisoners. I was told to grab the other prisoners hands and they formed a circle. Suddenly electricity was passed through the entire group

torture room, a woman was raped in the midst of the other prisoners. A prisoner shouted that the woman be ing raped was his friend, and went berserk and attacked the guards. He was severely beaten. Suddenly a mutfled shot was heard. I believe the man was killed in the room." '

The account goes on to detail other tortures to which its author says he was subjected. He says he was beaten forced to watch other prisoners being executed, and subjected to the infa mous "submarine," where al man or woman is held under water just to the point of drowning before being al-lowed to come up for air. This is repeated five or six times and, each time, the prisoner is told that if he does not answer the questions asked of him=he-will-be-held-in-the=water

until death: At the end of his torture sessions, the man says he was brought back to Buenos Aires, He was told "that if

talked of what happened to me, would be found to have committed suicide. I was then put in a cell with a hangman's noose hung from a pipe

and left there.

A.PEN, decree, was issued for my imprisonment 11 remained incarcer ated for close to a year."

In a sense, the man was lucky. He survived his torture and was 'eventually released This fact tends to sup port his contention that he never en gaged in terrorist or illegal political activity because usually only those the military decides have done nothing wrong are released.

Although the number of Argentines who disappear—either for a few days or forever-has dropped substantially over the past year, the number of reported disappearances still averages about 20 a month. The Permanent Assembly-estimates that the number of reported cases is only about one fifth the actual number.

Sources within the government fully admit that many of those who are taken away are taken by antiter rorist military units set up even before the 1976 coup. These sources say that President Jorge Videla and other high military, officials, are trying to bring the situation under control.

But there are said to be hard-liners within the military who disagree with changing their way of operating, and who still have enough power to carry out political kidnapings and torture when they believe it warranted.

Despite the efforts to sharply re duce and eventually end the political kidnapings, all factions of the military here close ranks when it comes to for eign criticism and what they perceive as undue foreign pressure. They be lieve their critics do not understand the scope and seriousness of the threat posed by urban guerrillas here after 1974.

The urban terrorists have in fact kidnaped, wounded and killed many hundreds of Argentines over the last four years. The military came power determined to end this threat with whatever means it considered necessary! However, many observers believe that, thousands of innocent people were swept up in the antiter rorism campaign. Videla has publicly admitted that there may have been excesses."

In many ways, the Argentines copied the methods of the Chilean mili tary government that came to power

But the situation in Chile has im proved. Only one disapparence has been reported this year. There have been only 30 reported cases of torture and the number of political prisoners has been reduced to 120, according to the International Committee of the

The Vicariate of Solidarity, Catholic Church's official human rights group in Santiago, says 650 përsons-have: disappeared since the Chilean coup a number that, while substantial, in no way compares to the number of those said to have disap peared in Argentina.



After the first round of torture ended, was so full of electricity that my jaws and tongue were paralyzed. I was allowed to rest... A second round ... began. Argentine Official Missing for 2 Days

BUENOS AIRES — A government official in charge of the 73 nation Chess Olympics scheduled here next week has been missing for two days police reported yesterday; His wife said he was kidnaped.

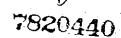
Rodolfo Eduardo Zanlungo, 48, disappeared after he entered a car with two men in downtown Buenos Aires.

Rodolfo Eduardo Zanlungo, 48, disappeared after he entered a car with two men in downtown Buenos Aires, a police announcement said. It added that Zanlungo had received threats from opponents of Argentina's military government who demanded that the Chess-Olympics be canceled. and



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ACTION MEMORANDUM



S/S

OCT 1 9 1978

D - Mr. Christopher

THROUGH:

P - David D. Newsom

E - Richard N. Cooper

T - Lucy Wilson Benson

FROM:

EB - Julius L. Katz

ARA - Viron P. Vaky

HA - Patricia M. Deriali

SUBJECT:

Non-Munitions List Exports to Argentina

ISSUE FOR DECISION

Whether to release pending applications for Commerce Export Licenses to the Argentine police and military.

ESSENTIAL FACTORS

On August 25 you asked us which of the pending applications for Commerce Export Licenses to Argentina could be approved, additional to the safety related items submitted earlier on August 14.

This memorandum reviews all the pending cases for your decision. A separate memorandum will address the issue of whether the Department's review of applications for Commerce Export Licenses should be restricted to certain sensitive areas and which type of exports requiring a Commerce License should be considered sensitive.

Attachments:

- 1 Pending Commerce Cases Lists with Recommendations.
 - 2 Bureau Justifications.

Drafted: ARA/ECA: CWRuser/EB/ITP/MWT: DFried: nb

10/17/1978 x20913 ·

Concurrence: S/P-JWalker

PENDING COMMERCE CASES ADDITIONAL TO THOSE PRESENTED FOR DECISION IN THE AUGUST 14 MEMORANDUM, WITH BUREAU RECOMMENDATIONS

Bureaus' views are indicated on each of the 16 cases listed.

	Computers and computer-related equipment:
	Computerized plotter and other computer peripherals for map-making by Naval Hydrographic office;
	Approve (EB) Defer (ARA, S/P, HA)
	Programmable calculator for map-making by the Military Geographical Institute;
	Approve (EB) Defer (ARA, S/P, HA)
•	Airborne Scanning Device operated by the Air Force for civil authorities dealing with natural resources, agricultural development, air and water pollution, etc.;
	Approve (EB) Defer (ARA, S/P, HA)
	Computer with plotter to be used by the Armed Forces Scientific and Technical Institute (CITEFA) for programs in applied chemistry, lasers, solid state physics, applied and micro electronics, and structures. Civilian application includes electronic circuitry development, metallurgy, communication systems, and health products. One such health project, development of insecticide to control triotoma infestans, is funded by the U.S. National Institutes of Health Military applications include development of rocket and missile structures, guidance systems, propellants, and communication systems. The Argentine purchaser has told us that all military applications will be "solely related to external defense."
	Approve (EB) Defer (ARA, S/P) Disapprove (HA)

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This mans went forward without MCT clearance.

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	Computer peripheral (a secondary storage system)
`	for use by CITEFA in its computer manufacture.
	Approve (EB) Defer (ARA, S/P)
	Disapprove (HA)
	A \$5 million IBM 3032 computer for the Navy. The
	computer will be used mainly for administration (payroll,
	inventory, etc.) plus some civil navigation and other scientific
	projects. IBM has told us the computer will be run on an
	accessible "open shop" basis, i. e. non-restricted access
•	to terminals and data by Navy personnel.
·	
	Approve (EB) Defer (ARA, S/P)
	Approve (EB) Defer (ARA, S/P) Disapprove (HA)
	Expansion of existing US-origin police computer for
	use in vehicle registration;
	Approve (EB) Defer (ARA, S/P)
	Disapprove (HA)
	A new computerized vehicle dispatch and control system for the police in Rosario;
\	Approve (EB) Defer (ARA, S/P)
	Disapprove (HA)
	Aircraft, parts and equipment:
	Two factory rebuilt turboprop engines for the Navy.
	The Engines are owned by Argentina and were sent here for
	work. We are not sure which planes these are for. They could
	be for Beech Model 18's or Bell Model 205A civil aircraft;
	they are not configured for combat aircraft.
	they are not configured for compact afficiant.
	Approve (EB, ARA, S/P) Disapprove (HA)
	Approve (EB, RRA, S/F) DISapprove (RA)
	Company on 11 shipmanhs of pinangsh and a same
	Several small shipments of aircraft engine spare
	parts; instruments, bearings and pipes for C-47 C-118 (DC-6)
	and UF 1&2 transport planes.
	(77)
	Approve (EB, ARA, S/P) Disapprove (HA)
•	•••

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- 3 -

Three Bell helicopters, Model 212, for the Army (a previous working-level review resulted in a denial recommendation). These helicopters are the same as several that were approved for the Air Force at the time of the previous denial. They are general purpose, unarmored, etc.
Approve (EB, ARA, S/P) Disapprove (HA)
Overhaul a Navy Electra engine. The Electra L188 is a short and medium-range passenger and cargo aircraft dating from the early 1960's. Argentina owns the engine which has been sent here for work.
Approve (EB, ARA, S/P) Disapprove (HA)
Miscellaneous:
Ten 20 gauge sporting-type shotguns for Argentine Naval Commission personnel. These are for the use and ownership of the purchasers. They have 28" barrels, and are of a type we exempt from licensing except to police forces.
Approve (EB, ARA, S/P, HA)
Frequency Synthesizers for Army communications design and testing;
Approve (EB, ARA, S/P) Disapprove (HA)
Twelve amphibious lighters (total value approximately \$5 million) for the Army Corps of Engineers. These are used for unloading cargo where port facilities are absent.
Approve (EB, ARA. S/P) Disapprove (HA)
Acoustical analyzers, for analysis of sound and vibration for underwater and engineering research.
Approve (EB, ARA, S/P) Disapprove (HA)

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JUSTIFICATIONS

EB

In his statement on export promotion, the President directed the Department of State to take export consequences fully into account when considering the use of controls for foreign policy purposes. EB believes that exports should not be delayed when they make no direct contribution to human rights violations. We believe that none of the information presented for any of these cases supports a finding of such a direct contribution.

Additional factors in EB's decision include:

- -- Several of the items are spare parts for equipment which the U.S. sold to Argentina in the past. Other cases involve equipment now owned by Argentina and sent here for repair. Aside from possible contractual obligations, we believe that availability of parts is fundamental to a perception of the U.S. as a reliable trading partner.
- -- Many of the items are available from outside the U.S. The President has said that weight should be given to the question of foreign availability.
- -- The U. S. should not arbitrarily deny or delay computer and computer-related exports. EB sees no reason for distinguishing (for example) a calculator for map-making from acoustical analyzers for engineering research.
- -- Our Embassy in Buenos Aires indicated a year ago that Argentina is not using computerized vehicle dispatch and control systems, such as that now proposed for sale to the Rosario police, for human rights violations.
- -- IBM's 3032 computer for the Navy would be set up on an "open shop" basis, i.e. non-restricted access to terminals and data by naval personnel. This limits any potential use in human rights violations.

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- -- The computer for the Armed Forces Scientific and Technical Institute will be used for scientific research to be applied in civilian economic and military rocketry projects which would not contribute to human rights violations.
- -- In view of the delays already imposed upon U.S. firms, further delays are unconscionable in terms of the clear need for the Government to act expeditiously on license applications.
- -- We would support and participate in a general review of U.'S. export controls for foreign policy or human rights following resolution of these cases.

ARA

ARA does not believe that further actions by the U.S. at this time will enhance the prospects for human rights improvement. However, ARA believes our various instruments for pressure on human rights should be used in a reasonably balanced and predictable manner in fairness to U.S. private enterprise. Except for the computers and related equipment ARA believes all other pending Commerce items are similar to items already approved under the Munitions List. These items are sufficiently minor in nature and value that approval, either now or at some future time, will not carry any significant signal to the Government of Argentina. Thus ARA recommends approval of all items except for computers and related items.

Starting from a clearly defined position the Department has over the past two months authorized a series of actions with regard to FMS, Munitions List items, and EX-IM. These actions have been important in signaling our good will and interest in better relations as well as providing encouragement to take measures to improve Argentina's human rights situation. These actions have encountered considerable criticism from Congress and groups concerned with human rights situation. Argentina does not expect any new U.S. actions at this time.

Except for computers which have not been approved under the Munitions List, all the pending Commerce items are similar to items recently approved under the Munitions List, but presumably less sophisticated. While there is explicit legislation relating human rights to Munitions List items (e.g., the Humphrey-Kennedy amendment), there is no human rights legislation related to Commerce licenses. We see the Administration policy on Commerce licenses essentially as a way of avoiding a loophole in human rights restrictions, i.e. an ability to import slightly less sophisticated items when a Munitions List item is refused. Thus, just as there is explicit human rights language on Ex-Im but not on CCC and we restrict Ex-Im to a greater degree than CCC, ARA believes we should generally restrict Munitions List items more severely than Commerce licenses. Our concerns with expanding exports and our arms control policy lean in a similar direction. Thus we find it inverse to be tougher on Commerce items than on Munitions List items. Since October 1, all Munitions List license applications are denied under the law. However, as these Commerce licenses have been pending for sometime, we believe fairness to U.S. suppliers and the maintenance of some logic in the application of sanctions through various instruments argues for approval of all items except computers.

We believe that a decision regarding Commerce license applications for computer exports to Argentina should be held pending for a few additional weeks, without an explicit denial. Since computers have not been licensed for export to the Argentine police and military since the policy of restraint was initiated a year ago, the release of computer exports will mark a precedent and would surely be interpreted by the Argentines as signaling a change in our perception of the Argentine's human rights performance. On the other hand, to deny the license applications at this time would cut across a perceptible, if only slight, improving trend in the Argentine government's performance.

Beyond these points, the question of computer exports should be decided in the context of a general policy on the use of the Commerce licensing system as part of the USG response to a foreign government's human rights performance. As noted above, a memorandum on this subject will be forwarded separately.

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SP

SP is persuaded by ARA's arguments for approving all the items under consideration except computers and related equipment, and delaying decision on the latter for a few weeks. But it feels strongly that guidelines on the general question of use of Commerce licensing in the human rights policy should be formulated—and conveyed to American exporters—within the month.

We urgently need to be able to respond to widespread confusion and apprehension in the U.S. business community as to what to expect from the human rights policy. Thus we would not agree to indefinite deferral of decision (as some munitions list decisions were deferred) pending human rights improvements which might or might not ever take place.

HA .

For the past year and a half, we have struggled with the question of whether to license exports, both on the munitions and commerce lists, to the Argentine military and police.

Until the statutory cut-off, we limited approvals of munitions items to three narrow exceptions: when safety-related (as defined by earlier decision), for scientific research, or in the exception that approval might elicit a positive Argentine response. We have, until now, avoided acting on most commerce items, although a few licenses have been approved as safety-related (e.g., the aircraft ambulances).

The question in this memorandum is what action to take on the remaining commerce items. As with munitions items, each bureau seems to propose a different way to slice the cake. Other bureaus have argued a different standard than for the munitions side, because there is no statutory equivalent of Section 502B governing commerce items.

HA believes there are several factors which argue for applying the same standard to commerce items as we applied to those munitions side in the case of Argentina. The primary consideration is continuing involvement of the military and police in violations of the integrity of the person, including torture and summary execution. Also of importance is the similarity between munitions and commerce items. Both lists are intended to cover items of a military nature that may significantly enhance military capability. And the decision to put items into one category or the other

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is often arbitrary and capricious. For example, the amphibious lighters now in the memo as requiring a commerce license, were turned down when on the munitions list six months ago. Moreover, approval of both kinds of items is governed by the President's human rights policy in general and point six of PD-30 in particular, the latter being intended to require a human rights review, whether actually imposed by statute or not. Thus, consistency and predictability argue for applying the same administration standard to munitions and commerce items, especially since exporters rarely distinguish between the two categories.

The advantage of applying the same standard as for munitions items can be demonstrated by dividing the commerce items before us into three separate categories and then examining each more specifically. The categories are:

- a) for scientific research or safety-related;
- b) for general military use; or
- c) for internal security and law enforcement purposes.

Category (a) includes the map-making computers and the airborne scanning device as for scientific research. (There are no safety-related items up for decision.)

Category (c) certainly includes the two computers for police use and should also include the three Bell helicopters and the 12 amphibious lighters.

Last year when we approved commerce licenses for 10 identical helicopters, because of assurances they would go for safety or scientific use, but at the same time we refused to approve these three army models, given a lack of similar assurances and a concern they would be used for internal security purposes. No new evidence has been presented to justify reversal of the prior decision. The amphibious lighters were previously on the munitions list and were ordered by regular army forces. They are useful for maintaining internal security in rural areas, and we have no indication that they will not be used for that purpose

All other items on the list, with one exception, (the sporting shot-guns, which should not be subject to licensing or review, unless destined for police forces, and which we have asked, in all other cases be removed from the validated commerce list) fall into category (b), for general military use.

Although the other bureaus do not agree, we believe that the approval of category (a) items and disapproval of category (c) are relatively non-controversial. Items for non-military scientific researchd are least sensitive from the human rights standpoint, while approval of police items for Argentina is defended only by EB.

The middle category (b) is more troublesome. On the one hand, these items are not used primarily for police purposes; but they are for military purposes in circumstances where we believe the military to be involved in gross violations.

On balance, we do not believe these items should be approved, absent actual human rights improvements. We have not approved any computers for the Argentine military and police for over a year. And the spare parts for military aircraft are practically identical to other munitions list spares for similar aircraft which we refused to approve. Given the continuing seriousness of the Argentine situation, the applicability of PD-30 to both commerce and munitions lists, and the serendipitous nature of the decision to put an item on one list or another, we should deny the licenses. If we go ahead now with these aircraft parts, the inconsistency issue may come back to haunt us.

There are several additional considerations underlying our recommendation that items in category (b) not be approved.

- -- To approve these items could be seen by members of Congress as taking advantage of a loophole in the statutory ban on all other military items for Argentina. The Congressional reaction might be an attempt to close the loophole with a broader statute forbidding all military equipment to Argentina (whether by munitions or commerce license) which would further limit executive flexibility.
- -- The Beagle Channel dispute with Chile is heating up and, with hostilities again a possibility, we should hesitate to approve items for the military, particularly the computer for research into rockets.
- -- Rocket development is also sensitive, given recent published reports that Argentina will successfully attain a nuclear reprocessing capability within the next few years.

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-- Since the World Cup Soccer matches, the human rights situation, in terms of violations committed, may have worsened. The Embassy is now receiving reports of up to 45 disappearances a month.

A final word on timing: we agree with ARA that announcement of any approvals should await Argentina's expected announcement that it has agreed to an IAHRC visit under terms satisfactory to the Commission.

INCOMING TELEGRAM.

PAGE GI BUENOS 07797 021928Z

ACTION ARA-15

INFO OCT-81 ISO-88 CHAE-88 DODE-88 NSAE-88 NSCE-88 SSO-80 ICAE-00 INRE-00 PM-05 H-01 INR-10 L-03 PA-01 SP-02 SS-15 10-14 HA-05 MCT-02 AID-05 /079 W -----078150 B219327 /41

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SUBJ: JOURNALIST REAPPEARS

INFO USCINCSO QUARRY HTS CZ

1. ON FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, ENRIQUE ESTABAN, PROVINCIAL CORRESPONDENT FOR CLARIN; REAPPEARED 69 DAYS AFTER HIS ABDUCTION IN NEUQUEN BY NINE MEN. ACCORDING TO PRESS ACCOUNTS, ESTEBAN WAS SUBSEQUENTLY PLACED AT THE DISPOSITION OF THE ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NEUQUEN FOR QUESTIONING REGARDING HIS DISAPPEARANCE.

2. EMBASSY SOURCES AND INFORMATION FROM ESTABAN'S WIFE. WHO WAS ABDUCTED FOR FIVE HOURS AND QUESTIONED WITH HER HUSBAND. INDICATE THAT THE ESTABAN ABOUCTION WAS PART OF AN ANTI-SUBVERSIVE OPERATION DIRECTED AGAINST LEFTISTS AT THE UNIVERSITY OF LA PLATA. ESTABAN WAS REPORTEDLY A LEFTIST STUDENT LEADER AT THE UNIVERSITY'S SCHOOL OF

3. THE FIFTH CORPS COMMUNIQUE STATED THAT ESTABAN WAS FOUND GAGGED AND TIED IN A RENAULT CAR ON A MAJOR HIGHWAY NEAR TRES ARROYOS AS A RESULT OF AN ANONYMOUS PHONE MESSAGE. HOWEVER, THE BUENOS AIRES HERALD REPORTED THAT BEFORE THE POLICE ARRIVED AT THE CAR, ESTEBAN HAD ACTUALLY FREED HIMSELF AND WALKED TO A MEARBY GAS STATION TO INQUIRE ABOUT HIS WHEREABOUTS.

4. THE EMBASSY HAS RECEIVED SEVERAL REPORTS RELATED TO THE LA PLATA UNIVERSITY OPERATION FROM FAMILY AND ICRC (PROTECT) SOURCES. A FRIEND OF ESTEBAN'S, ROBERTO OMAR RAMIREZ WHO IS AN ARCHI-TECTURE PROFESSOR AT THE UNIVERSITY WAS ABDUCTED .TWO DAYS BEFORE ESTEBAN AND IS STILL MISSING. · TWO FORMER UNIVERSITY FACULTY MEMBERS. A DEAN AND A SCIENCE PROFESSOR, WHO ARE PRESENTLY PEN PRISONERS AT LA PLATA PRISON WERE RECENTLY QUESTIONED (WITHIN THE LAST MONTH) UNDER "HOSTILE INTERROGATION" -PROCEDURES ABOUT LEFTIST FACULTY MEMBERS AND STUDENTS. WE HAVE BEEN TOLD BY THE FAMILY OF THE SCIENCE PROFESSOR THAT THE "PICANA" WAS USED ON HIM, AND BY THE OTHER FAMILY THAT THE FORMER DEAN WAS BEATEN.) THESE REPORTS ARE SO FAR WITHOUT CONFIRMATION. THIS SATURDAY'S BUENOS AIRES HERALD REPORTED THAT HABEOUS CORPUS WRITS HAD BEEN FILED REGARDING THE DISAPPEARANCE OF TWO LA PLATA UNIVERSITY CHEMICAL ENGINEERING STUDENTS (LUIS ALBERTO ROCKE AND NOEM) PANIGUA) ON SEPTEMBER 26.

5. COMMENT. THE ESTEBAN RELEASE IS GOOD NEWS, THE ARGENTINE PRESS ASSOCIATION (ADEPA), MININT HARGUINDEGUY AND ARMY CINC VIOLA HAVE ALL EXPRESSED SPECIAL INTEREST IN THE CASE, WHAT ENCOURAGES US ESPECIALLY ABOUT THE ESTEBAN RELEASE IS THE EVIDENCE IT OFFERS OF VIOLA'S WILL INGNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN INTERVENING DIRECTLY IN AN INDIVIDUAL CASE AND PLUCKING OUT A "SUSPECT" FROM THE SECURITY ELEMENTS' MACHINERY, IF THE INTERVEN-

BUENOS 07797 021928Z

TION SIGNALS BETTER CONTROL OVER THE LA PLATA UNIVERSITY INVESTIGATIONS. WHICH HAVE A LONG HISTORY AND WHICH BY MANY REPORTS HAVE PRODUCED HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES. ALL THE BETTER, END COMMENT.

P780 | 48 - 100 |

PHILLIP BURTON

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Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Washington, D.C. 20515

September 22, 1978

EDUCATION AND LABOR
INTERIOR AND INSULAR
AFFAIRS

CHAIRMAN, SUBCOMMITTEE ON NATIONAL PARKS AND INSULAR AFFAIRS

7819113

37

ACTION is assigned to

ARA

Honorable Cyrus Vance Secretary of State Department of State 2201 C Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20520

Dear Mr. Secretary:

A few years ago, I requested the State Department's assistance in locating the whereabouts of Argentine film-maker, Raymundo Gleyzer.

In 1976, Mr. Gleyzer was kidnapped by right-wing terrorists three days after returning to Argentina from a month's visit in the United States. There were reports of torture and imprisonment, but very little information was released or available to concerned friends in the United States.

Within the past two weeks, Mr. Gleyzer's friends in the United States have received reports from different sources that he is alive and being held in a camp in the south of Argentina.

I would greatly appreciate your initiating an inquiry into the whereabouts of Raymundo Gleyzer. Any assistance you may render in getting Mr. Gleyzer released from this camp would also be sincerely appreciated.

Copies of Mr. Gleyzer's biography and an article printed in the New York Post in 1976 shortly after his disappearance are enclosed for your information.

Please advise me of any actions taken in this matter.

้อยถึงสา

1978 CCL 1 AM 9' 25

`PHILLIP BURTON .Member of Congress

Sincerely

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RAYMUNDO GLEYZER

Age: 36 years old

Status: Married, one child 6 years old

Citizenship: Argentine

Raymundo Gleyzer is a well known motion picture director and producer, winner of seven international awards for documentaries, including 1st. Prize at Locarno International Film Festival, Switzerland; 1st Prize at Mannheim International Film Festival, West Germany; 1st Prize at the Adelaide International Film Festival, Australia. Plus four major national awards, including the Premio Instituto Nacional de Cine, 1965, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Raymundo Gleyzer has also directed many television shows and in that capacity he produced over 200 programs for Channel 7, Buenos Aires; Channel 3, Superama Plaza, Huincul; Channel 3, Primera TV de Tartugal, Salta Province; and director of Channel 13 program, TELENOCHE.

He has also worked for such other organizations as: Direccion Provincial de Turismo de Catamarca; Universidad Nacional de Cordoba; Direccion Provincial de Turismo de Cordoba; Direccion Municipal de Turismo de Santa Teresita.

Mr. Gleyzer has also filmed dozens of industrial films for Industrias Kaiser Argentina as well as other commercial spots and was associated in the United States with MPO-Videotronics, Inc., the largest producer of commercial and sponsored films in the world.

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Argentinie Film Man Tortured?

By ROBERT BAZELL

Raymundo Gleyzer, an internationally known Argentine filmmaker, left New York on May 19 after negotiating a contract to produce a film for the UN.

Four days later he arrived in Buenos Aires and four days after that he disappeared.

In recent months hundreds of people in Argentina suspected of leftist sympathies have been summarily murdered or jailed in torture camps, from which they either never emerge or return physically and mentally broken.

Gleyzer's friends, who are many, fear he has met such a fate. Numerous groups, including UN diplomats the U.S. State Dept. and the Vatican have queried the Argentine government about his whereabouts. All have received the same response: "We have no idea where he is."

Film Industry Concern

Several American film personalties — Jack Nicholson, Peter Bogdanovich, Candice Bergen, Francis Ford Coppola and Jane Fonda among them—are sponsoring an organization demanding Gleyzer's release.

In Italy, Frederico Fellini, Michaelangelo Antonioni, Lina Wertmuller and Roberto Rosselini were among 150 filmmakers who signed a petition on Gleyzer's behalf.

Gleyzer, 34, is known primarily for a series of documentaries about Latin American countries including "Mexico, the Frozen Revolution" and "The Land Burns" (about Brazil). He won several awards at international film festivals.

In Argentina, Gleyzer produced several hundred shows for different television stations. His mother, Sara Aljenbom, was a star of one of the country's most popular soap operas. Immediately after her son's disappearance Miss Aljenbom's part was written out of the show.

According to friends, Gleyzer had been living in this country but he returned to Argentina to visit his four-year-old son. The friends say he voiced fears for his safety from "rightist terrorists" but decided to go-home anyway.

Last week, a man who had been a prisoner in Argentina but was released and fled the country sent a letter to Gleyzer's associates here saying he was in a specific torture camp in Buenos Aires "in a state of total physical and mental deterioration." Like other detainees, the letter said, "he is kept completely naked at all times . . . and subjected to continuous beatings, electric shocks, burns, etc."

Although he expressed leftist sympathies, Gleyzer was not, friends say, a political activist Reportedly, however, the government itself, or rightwing terrorists who operate freely in Argentina, suspected he had harbored leftist refugees from Chile.

Argentine Editor Killed

Reuter

BUENOS AIRES—A right-wing magazine editor was murdered Monday night by gunmen; eyewitnesses said.

Horacio Agulla a politician and the editor of the weekly Confirmado, had just parked his car when several armed men shot him, the eyewitnesses said.

Argentina Turns Its Wrath on Foreign Critics of Anti-Terror Operations

U.S. a Mäin Target of Nationalistic Wrath

By Charles A. Krause

BUENOS ATRES Siete Dias an important Argentine newsmagazine has President Carter on its cover this week along with pictures of policemen stomping on the neads of blacks in Philadelphia, and helmeted troops allegedly shooting at rioters in an unidentified U.S. city

Para Ti, a leading women's maga zine, recently began urging house wives to send postcards with Argen tine flags to foreign critics of the mili ary government's anti-terrorist effort and humans rights record. "The war has ended in Argentina," the post cards say, "These flags are symbolic of the peace that we have won." "The two magazines reflect a change of mood in Argentina which in the past has suffered international criticism largely in silence. In recent weeks, as Argentines bask in the glory of staging and winning the World Cup soccer, championship in June, they have begun to strike back. There has clearly been a reawakening of the nationalistic, spirit that has been a factor, in Argentine political life since Juan Peron first came to power at the end=of=World+War-II.

The new inlitancy has appeared at a time when U.S. Argentine relations are at their lowest ebb in years, according to diplomatic observers, and seem likely to get worse if the Argentines do not improve the human rights situation and if the United States does not stop giving hardliners the opportunity to convinve, the people that the whole world is against them.

The Siete Dias issue with Carter's likeness on the cover carries an article; that notes that terrorists; militants and common criminals in the United States are not always treated gently. "The United States today," reads, the headline lover a picture of soldiers aiming guns at a terrified black woman. "Mr. President, is this the bulwark of human rights?"

The article and pictures appear to be part of a growing government campaign against critics abroad who have accused the two year old military regime of President Jorge Videla of kidnaping, torturing, jailing and executing thousands of Argentines in pursuing its war against terrorism.

The Argentine military is portraying international criticism of its antiterrorist campaign as criticism of the country itself. At the same time, the press is fanning the flames of nationalism among the country's 25 million inhabitants, who, for the most part, are ignorant of the kidnapings being carried out by secret anti-terrorist squads.

These secret police activities are not reported in Spanish-language newspapers, although the English-language Buenos Aires Herald does report missing person cases when families or friends provide information.

Average Argentines, however, are informed only when a prominent person disappears or when the terrorists strike, as they apparently did Aug. 1 at the home of Admiral Armando Lambruschini, who will become the Navy's representative on the three-member ruling junta next month.

Lambruschini was not home when a bomb exploded in an apartment adjacent to his but his 15-year-old daughter, was killed. The bombing received front-page coverage and revolted many Argentines.

A week after the bombing, Patricia

A week after the bombing, Patricia Derian, the U.S. State Department's top human rights official, sharply criticized the Argentine government in testimony before a House of Representatives subcommittee in Washington.

Derian accused the Videla government of "systematic torture" and "summary executions" of terrorists and political opponents and said there was no indication that the human rights situation here is improving. Derian rejected the government argument that its anti-terrorism campaign is the result of the terrorists activity, saying that Videla himself has said that the war against the terrorists has been largely won.

been largely won.

"It is ridiculous to violate human rights to protect human rights," Derian' said. This statement infuriated government supporters, who argue that there is no way to stop an estimated 20,000, active terrorists and their backers except to fight them with extralegal and clandestine methods similar to their own.

The day after Derian's testimony, the Foreign Ministry issued what government officials and diplomats describe as the strongest anti-U.S. statement in recent memory. The statement expressed "indignation," calling

Derian's statements, "false and tendentious, an offense to the Argentine people and harmful to ties, between both states."

The Foreign Ministry statement seems to have been a signal to a host of military men, retired and active, to take up the cry against foreign critics. Almost every day for the past two weeks, there has been a speech, an editorial, a television commentary or a feature critical of Derian in particular or of foreign critics in general.

The argument is usually the same: the foreigners do not understand what the situation was like two years ago when the military overthrew the government of Isabel Peron, and are totally unfair when they criticize the anti-terrorist campaign without criticizing the terrorists.

The U.S. position has been that Videla and other so called moderates in the government are not doing enough to improve the human rights climate or to restrain the extralegal anti-terrorist squads.

But there is a growing fear, in business and legal circles, that anti-U.S. feelings within the military could lead to agreement that there is no way to placate the Carter administration, and therefore no reason to control the anti-terrorist squads. Some generals, its believed, would like to unleash the secret police against all present and former Peronists and leftists, regardless of whether they ever engaged in terrorism.

Those Argentines who are particularly interested in maintaining and strengthening relations with the United States worry that the Carter administration is exhausting its influence with the Argentine military despite the work of U.S. Ambassador Raul Castro, who is generally given high marks for his efforts to keep the diplomatic situation from getting out of control.

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Declassified Case: ITX= 52370 Date

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INCOMING TELEGRAN

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USEEC '

E.O. 11652 GDS
TAGS ELAB, SHUM, PINS, ICFTU, AR
SUBJECT PROMINENT PERONIST LABOR LEADER REPORTEDLY ABDUCTED

REF: BUENOS AIRES 6356

- 1. GARCIA HAS BEEN MAINTAINING STEADFASTLY TO ALL INQUIRERS THAT HE WAS NEVER ABDUCTED. THAT HE HAS NO IDEA HOW THE STORY EVER STARTED. MEMBERS OF THE "COMMITTEE OF 5" NOW SAY THAT THE INDIVIDUAL WHO CALLED THEM BY PHONE ALLEGING THE ABDUCTION AND IDENTIFYING HIMSELF AS GARCIA'S BROTHER WAS AN IMPOSTOR.
- 2. SOME LABOR SOURCES RAMAIN SUSPICIOUS ABOUT GARCIA'S EXPLANATION, OR LACK THEROF, BUT IN VIEW OF THE POSITION HE IS TAKING, WE SEE NO POINT IN PURSUING THIS MATTER FURTHER--PARTICULARLY AS GARCIA WAS BACK IN HIS UNION HALL THE NEXT DAY (AUGUST 16) SHOWING NO SIGNS OF ANY PERSONAL INJURY.
- 3. FYI. ACCORDING TO PRSS ACCOUNTS, ICFTU SENT A MESSAGE TO PRESIDENT CIDELA LAST WEEK REQUESTING ENERGETIC MEASURES TO BRING ABOUT GARCIA'S IMMEDIATE RELEASE FROM HIS CAPTORS (SIC). END FYI. CASTRO

CONFIDENTIAL

NW 52970 DocId:32735951 Page 22

INCOMING TELEGRAM

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E.O. 11652: GDS TAGS: ASEC PINS PINT AR SUBJ: BOMB ATTACK

REF: BUENOS AIRES 5989

1. THIS IS AN UPDATE CONCERNING THE BOMB ATTACK AGAINST VICE ADMIRAL LAMBRUSCHINI'S RESIDENCE. FURTHER CONTACTS WITH MEMBERS OF THE SECURITY SERVICES HAVE CONFIRMED THAT THE EXPLOSIVE DEVICE WAS COMPOSED OF 25-30 KILOS OF NITROGLYCERINE STABILIZED BY AMMONIUM NITRATE AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED. IN ADDITION, SOURCES STATED THE EXPLOSIVE DEVICE WAS PLACED BY AT LEAST TWO WELL-DRESSED MEN IN THEIR 30S, WHO IDENTIFIED THEMSELVES WITH FAKE CREDENTIALS AS BEING MEMBERS OF THE NARCOTICS DIVISION OF THE FEDERAL POLICE CONDUCTING AN ACTIVE NARCOTICS INVESTIGATION. THESE MEN FIRST VISITED THE EMPTY APARTMENT NEXT DOOR TO VICE-ADMIRAL LAMBRUSCHINI IN EARLY JULY. THEY VISITED ON TWO MORE OCCASIONS, THE LAST BEING JULY 31, WHEN THE EXPLOSIVE DEVICE WAS PLACED. ACCORDING TO, OUR SOURCES, A COMPOSITE OF ONE OF THE MEN PROVIDED BY WITNESSES IS THAT OF A WELL-KNOWN "MONTONERO" NAMED "COSTA," WHO HAS PARTICIPATED IN SIMILAR ACTS.

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OUTGOING TELEGRAM

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SUBJECT: ALLEGED U.S. SUPPORT FOR MONTONERO POLITICAL MOVEMENT

REFS: (A) STATE 224833 AND (B) BUENOS AIRES 6317

IF ASKED ABOUT REMARKS ATTRIBUTED TO BRADY TYSON, EMBASSY SHOULD STATE THAT:

A) THESE ALLEGED REMARKS DO NOT IN ANY SENSE REPRESENT THE POSITION OF THE U. S GOVERNMENT;

B) WE DO NOT KNOW WHETHER THE REMARKS ATTRIBUTED TO TYSON ARE REPORTED ACCURATELY; (FYI--WE ARE INVESTIGATING THE CIRCUMSTANCES)

C) THE USG STRONGLY ENDORSES THE PRINCIPLE OF NONINTERVENTION IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF OTHER STATES; AND
D) THE USG IS NOT PREPARED TO DEAL WITH TERRORIST ORGANIZATIONS; THERE HAVE BEEN CLEAR AND SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS
IN EFFECT FOR A CONSIDERABLE PERIOD AGAINST CONTACTS

BETWEEN U.S. OFFICIAL'S AND THE MONTONEROS.

EMBASSY MAY USE FOREGOING INFORMATION AT ITS DISCRETION AS OPPORTUNITY ARISES. VANCE

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UNCLAS SECTION 1 OF 3

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1. ASSASINATION OF PLO REPRESENTATIVE IN PARIS AND LATEST OUTBREAKS OF VIOLENCE IN MIDDLE EAST DOMINATE FOREIGN NEWS FRIDAY, LATELIER CASE MODERATE TO HEAVY PLAY.

2. LETELIER CASE, U.S. EXTRADITION REQUESTS AND PREVENTIVE DETENTION OF THREE CHILEAN OFFICERS TOP FOREIGN NEWS! THURSDAY, CPINION'S RAUL FAIR BINDA POINTED OUT THAT U.S. CONGRESS CONTROVERSY OVER ARMS SALES SHOWS "IN AN IMPUDENT MANNER, THE POLITICAL ASPECT OF THE LETELIER CASE." ADDED: "IT IS DIFFICULT TO ADMIT THAT THE THREE ACCUSED OFFIGER WILL BE-DELIVERED TO U.S. JUSTICE... WHATEVER THE CHILEAN GOVERNMENT OF THE NEXT MONTHS WILL BE, THE EXTRADITION WOULD BRING AS A CONSEQUENCE THE INTERNAL CRUMBLING OF THE ARMED FORCES..." CLARIN'S ARMANDO VIDAL OBSERVED "THIS CONFLICT BETWEEN U.S. AND CHILE... CLEARLY UNDERLINES THE CHILEAN ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY ON WASHINGTON. IT COULD EVEN BE SAID THAT THIS IS WHAT'S AT STAKE." VIDAL POINTED OUT CHILE HAS OPENED ITS DOORS TO FOREIGN INVESTMENT, "OF WHICH 91 PERCENT IS AMERICAN. THE CHILEAN ECONOMY AND ITS MILITARY STRATEGY... NEED THIS CAPITAL..."

FRIDAY PAPERS REPORT DISAGREEMENT BETWEEN PINOCHET AND CHILEAN SUPREME COURT. ALL PAPERS REPORT U.S. CONGRESS REVERSAL OF VOTE TO STOP ARM SALES TO CHILE, CONVICCION'S MARIANO MONTEAMAYOR CALLS THE VOTE: REVERSAL "A DIPLOMATIC MANEUVER" AND OBSERVES THAT WASHINGTON'S ATTITUDE, ALTHOUGH "AT TIMES ERRATIC AND CONTRADICTORY, " MIGHT BE FOLLOWING NOW "A POLICY OF COHERENCE." ADDS WASHINGTON'S INTENTION MIGHT BE TO "ESTABLISH THE BASIS FOR AN EVENTUAL RECONCILIATION WITH A CHILEAR GOVERNMENT THAT WILL CAPITULATE WITH FERVOR TO 'CARTER'S EVANGELISH' AND A WARNING TO ARGENTINA... THIS WILLIFORCE US TO DEEPLY EXAMINE OUR GLOBAL STRATEGY; TO CAREFULLY RE-EVALUATE OUR FRIENDS AND OUR ENEMIES...; TO DO A REALISTIC SOUL SEARCHING AND DIND OUR WHERE WE STAND. " BUT, WARNS MONTEMAYOR, "IT'S NOT A MATTER OF FALLING INTO AN ANACHRONISTIC 'ANTIYANKEE' ATTITUDE. AN IT IS NOT EITHER A MATTER OF SURRENDERING OUR HIGH OBJECTIVES OR OUR NATIONAL INTERESTS... THE CARTER ADMINISTRATION IS NOT A MONOLITHIC UNITY... THE U.S. IS A VERY COMPLEX REALITY AND MANY OF THE MISTAKES MADE! TOWARDS THE U.S. ARE BECAUSE OF OVER SIMPLIFICATION. WE HAVE THERE PERMANENT ALLIES UP AND ABOVE THE TRANSITORY

OPINION'S RAUL FAIN BINDA FRIDAY SAYS THE LETELIER CASE "LINCREASES THE POWER OF U.S. PRESSURE WHILE AT THE SAMEDEUYAT IF CHILE ALLEVIATES U.S. PRESSURE BY MAKING 841957Z

CONCESSIONS, THIS DOES NOT GUARANTEE
POSITIVE RESULTS, SINCE "CARTER, AS WELL AS PINOCHET,
FACES INTERNAL DIFFICULTIES" WHEN DEALING WITH
THE LEGISLATIVE, THE JUDICIAL POWER AND THE STATE
DEPARTMENT.

PRENSA EDITORIAL OBSERVES: "THERE ...
IS NO DOUBT THE SCANDAL SURROUNDING THE LETELIER
CASE IN EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN NEWSPAPERS HAS BEEN
FED BY SECTORS INFLUENCED BY COMMUNISM. THEREFORE,...
THE ANALYSIS OF THE CASE AND THE FINAL CHILEAN COURT
DECISION WILL HAVE TO BE CAREFULLY STUDIED AND JUSTIFIED,
SCRUPULOSLY KEEPING IN MIND THE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS."

3. U.S.-ARGENTINE RELATIONS. ALL PAPERS FRIDAY AND HORNING RADIO GIVE CONSIDERABLE PLAY TO FOREIGN MINISTER MONTES INTERVIEW WITH AMBASSADOR CASTRO LAST NIGHT.
CLARIN HEADLINES "MONTES CALLED AMBASSADOR CASTRO,
IN THE INTERVIEW, THE PROBLEMS FACING THE RELATIONSHIP WITH THE U.S. WERE DISCUSSED."

CLARIN THURSDAY FEATURED AN INTERVIEW WITH ARGENTINE FOREIGN MINISTER MONTES. WHEN ASKED IF HE SAW U.S. RELATIONS WITH ARGENTINA "HAVE" REACHED A PEAK OF TENSION," MONTES ANVERED, "THE RELATIONS WITH U.S. CONTINUE BEING NORMAL. THEY ARE NOT GOING THROUGH AN OPTIMAL STATE, BUT THEY ARE STILL NORMAL ... UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY TERSE OR COLD, BECAUSE THAT WOULD MEEAN THE U.S. AND ARGENTINA ARE GOING THROUGH A DIFFICULT SITUATION IN THEIR DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS, WHICH IS NOT THE CASE." WHEN ASKED HIS OPINION ABOUT "U.S. INTERFERENCE IN THE AFFAIRS OF OTHER STATES." MONTES OBSERVED THAT "WE DEFEND THE PRINCIPLE OF NONINTERVENTION IN INTERNAL AFFAIRS, THAT IS WHY RELATIONS WITH THE U.S. HAVE DECREASED, AS ALREADY NOTED, FROM OPTIMAL TO NORMAL. ... I BELIEVE

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TROOMING TELEGRAM

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UNCLAS SECTION 2 OF 3

THAT IF THE U.S. COULD ARRIVE AT UNDERSTANDING WITH ARGENTINA, THE SITUATION WILL IMPROVE CONSIDERABLY." CARTER'S HUMAN RIGHTS POLICY, OBSERVED MONTES, "HAS A SERIOUS PROBLEM, WHICH IS GENERALIZATION. YOU CANNOT GENERALIZE IN REGARDS TO COUNTRIES IN THE WORLD, TO HUMAN RIGHTS, TO IDELOGIES, TO INTERNAL SITUATIONS.... I HAVE REITERATED MANY TIMES THAT THE ONLY VIOLATORS OF HUMAN RIGHTS ARE INTERNATIONAL TERRORISTS.
ARGENTINA... HAS A TRADITION OF RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS AND WE CAN TEACH A LOT OF COUNTRIES SOMETHING ABOUT THIS SUBJECT, EVEN COUNTRIES THAT ARE MORE ADVANCED THAT US."

SOMOS MAGAZINE THIS WEEK FEATURES AN ARTICLE BY POLITICAL COMMENTATOR DR. EDUARDO ROCA. ROCA REVIEWS THE "COMPLEX" INTERNATIONAL PANORAMA FACING ARGENTINA AT PRESENT. REGARDING THE U.S., ROCA OBSERVES THAT THE SITUATION IS SOMEWHAT "INEXPLAINABLE." THE UNFRIENDLY GESTURES HAVE BEEN UNILATERAL. THEY STEM EXCLUSIVELY FROM THE U.S. GOVERNMENT AND UNDER GENERAL CIRCUMSTANCES THAT ARE NO REALLY GRAVE MOTIVES FOR ANY KIND OF CONFLICT. MY IMPRESSION IS THAT THE FRICTION IS UNAVOIDABLE AND, SINCE THE REAL CAUSE IS DETERMINED BY U.S. INTERNAL POLITICS, THIS WILL BE THE MOST -DIFFICULT PROBLEM" FACING THE VIDELA GOVERNMENT AS IT EMBARKS ON A SECOND TERM. ROCA CONCLUDES: ARGENTINA "MUST NOT LET HERSELF BE CARRIED AWAY BY THE INERTIA OF HER STORNG INITIAL IMPULSE AND SHOULD FIND THE WAY FOR POSITIVELY INSERTING HERSELF IN SOURTH AMERICA. BECAUSE THE ATTITUDE OF THE COMMON MARKET AND OF THE U.S., HAVE OUT ARGENTINA'S OLD UMBILICAL CHORDS -AND HER 'HABITAT' NOW IS FUNDAMENTALLY, LATIN AMERICA."

4. HUMAN RIGHTS. UNITED STATES STATEMENT CONDEMINING BOMB ATTACK THAT CAUSED, AMOUNT OTHER CASUALTIES, THE DEATH OF ADMIRAL LAMBRUSCHINI'S DAUGHTER, GIVEN CONSIDERABLE PLAY ALL MEDIA THURSDAY. HERALD FRIDAY CARRIES STATEMENT BY PERMANENT HUMAN RIGHTS ASSEMBLY ALSO CONDEMNING THE TERRORIST ATTACK AND STRESSING THAT "ON THE SAME DAY AND THE SAME TIME, AN ATTACK WAS MADE ON THE POLICE SCHOOL'AS IF THIS WAS AN ATTEMPT TO CREATE A WAVE OF SCEPTICISM IN ARGENTINA REGARDING POSSIBILITIES OF SUPPRESSING TERRORISM."

PRENSA THURSDAY HAD A PAID ADD SIGNED BY
"PARENTS OF THE CITY OF BAHIA BLANCA AND VICINITY."
THE ADD LISTED THE NAMES, AND DATES OF DISAPPEARANCE,
OF 30 BAHIA BLANCA AREA RESIDENTS, AND NOTED;
"AFTER LONG MONTHS OF PAINFULLY VAITING FOR NEWS ON THE
DISAPPEARANCE OF OUR SONS, THEIR PARENTS, FRIENDS,
SCHOOL MATES AND CO-WORKERS HELD A MASS... IN THIS
CITY, JULY 15, 1978, TO PRAY FOR THEIR REAPPEARANCE
AND SAFE AND SOUND RETURN TO THEIR HOMES."

CRONICA WEDNESDAY AND ALL THRUSDAY MONRINGERS REPORTED THE DISAPPEARANCE OF 41-YEAR-ODL LUIS

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PABLO CORDOBA AND HIS 27-YEAR-OLD WIFE, ALICIA RIO DE CORDOBA, A LAWYER. BOTH WORKED AS JOURNALISTS FOR EL LITORAL NEWSPAPER IN SANTA FE PROVINCE, AND "WERE ABDUCTED FROM THEIR HOME BY UNIDENTIFIED FORCES JULY 27."

CLARIN AND CRONICA CONTINUE TO REPORT DAILY "NO NEWS ON ENRIQUE ESTEBAN'S DISAPPEARANCE." SOMOS THIS WEEK FEATURES ONE PAGE STORY RECONTING EVENTS SURROUNDING THE KIDNAPPING. CONVICCION THURSDAY NOTED THAT "EVEN WHEN THESE DISAPPEARANCES COULD BE THE WORK OF LEFTIST TERRORIRSTS, THESE TERRORISTS NEVER CLAIM THE KIONAPPING OF JOURNALISTS, SO THE INTERNATIONAL MEDIA DO NOT STOP BLAHING THESE ACTIONS ON ALLEGED PARA-MILITARY GROUPS. THUS HURTING THE ARGENTINE IMAGE." CONVICCION THEN URGED THE GOA-TO "TAKE . FIRMS STEPS, TO AVOID THE RECURRENCE OF KIDNAPPINGS. AND TO CLARIFY THE CASES THAT STILL REMAIN A MYSTERY." AND ENDED/ "IT'S NOT JUST THE PEACE OF ARGENTINE CITIZENS NOR THE TRANQUILITY OF THE PRESS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY THAT IS AT STAKE. THE NAME OF THE NATION IS ALSO AT STAKE. THESE THINGS NEED TO BE CLARIFIED SO AS TO NOT FALL VICTIM OF THE GAME OF THE 'CHAMPIONS' OF HUMAN RIGHTS."

ALL PAPERS THURSDAY REPORTED 6 SUBVERSIVES KILLED ON JULY 14 AND 15 DURING A SHOOTOUT WITH MAR DEL PLATA SECURITY FORCES. NO NAMES GIVEN. ALL FRIDAY PAPERS REPORT 4 SUBVERSIVES KILLED IN HAR DEL PLATA DURING AN EXPLOSION. BODIES NOT IDENTIFIED.

PRENSA, NACION AND HERALD THURSDAY INFORMED
THAT THE PROVINCIAL POLICE CHIEF IN MENDOZA
"REMINDED POLICEMEN IN THIS PROVINCE THAT THEY
HUST NEVER INFLINGE THE RIGHTS OF THE PEOPLE."
THE WARNING CAME AFTER "SEVERAL COMPLAINTS FROM
CITIZENS OF DISCOURTEOUS, BEHAVIOUR BY POLICEMEN."

5. NONALIGNED CONFERENCE. PRENSA EDITORIAL OBSERVES
THAT "THE TRUE POLITICAL DEFINITION OF THE CONFERENCE
IS GIVEN IN THE FINAL COMMUNIQUE, THAT CRITICIZES
INDIRECTLY THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES
FOR THEIR INTERVENTION IN NONALIGNED COUNTRIES, BUT WITHOUT
CLAFIYING THAT THE PRESENCE OF NORTHAMERICAN

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UNCLASSIFIED Department of State

INCOMING **TELEGRAM**

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UNCLAS SECTION 3 OF 3

TROOPS ABROAD HAS NO OTHER PURPOSE THAT TO AVOID THE ENSLAVEMENT OF FREE COUNTRIES BY THE EASTERN POWER."

SOMOS THIS WEEK HAS AN INTERVIEW WITH FOREIGN MINISTER MONTES. MONTES STATES THAT "NONALIGNEDS IS ONE THING, THE THIRD WORLD IS SOMETHING ELSE," ARGENTINA, NOTES MONTES, "HAS A WESTERN AND CHRISTIAN TRADITION, WHICH IS NOT CONTRADICTED BY OUR PARTICIPATION IN THE NONALIGNED MOVEMENT. WE ARE NOT GOING TO THE NONALIGNED MOVEMENT, WE ARE NOT GOING TO FOLLOW THE TUNE OF ANY FOREIGN COUNTRY, WHATEVER THE IDEOLOGY. WE ARE GOING TO DEFEND OUR WON SYSTEM OF LIFE, WITHOUT GIVING MUCH IMPORTANCE TO WHAT THE REST OF THE WORLD THINKS. THIS IS ONE OF THE BASIC PRINCIPLES OF THE NONALIGNED; TO EACH HIS OWN OPENIOUS WHATEVER IT MAY BE WITH ABSOLUTE EDECOME. OPINION, WHATEVER IT MAY BE, WITH ABSOLUTE FREEDOM. AND THIS IS PRECISELY THE CASE WITH CUBA. THE CUBAN GOVERNMENT CAN THINK AND SAY WHATEVER THEY WANT." MONTES ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT CUBA'S FAILURE TO DISRUP THE CONFERENCE AND IMPOSE AN "EXTREMIST" POSITION WAS DUE TO THE FACT THAT "MODERATION AND APLOMB PREVALED OVER EXTREMIST POSITIONS. HIGGINS

EOT

UNCLASSIFIED

Key_Argentine's Daughter Slain

By JUAN de ONIS

BUENOS AIRES Aug I — Anti-government extremists today bombed the home of Argentina's naval chief of staff killing his 15-year-old daughter.

The bombing was timed to jolt the armed forces as Jorge Rafael Videla retired as commander in chief of the army, thus bowing out of the three-man junta that rules Argentina to become President The junta is made up of the commanders of the army, navy and air force. His successor in the junta, Gen. Roberto Viola, said yesterday on taking over the army command that he was a fervent believer, in cooperation between the military and civilians to achieve a restoration of democratic government. But the bombing, like other terrorist acts by left wing extremists here could strengthen military factions that favor a more repressive authoritarian regime.

Adm. Armando Lambruschini, is to be the new commander in chief of the navy when Adm. Emilio Massera retires on Sept 15 Admiral Lambruschini was sleeping early today in his apartment in central Buenos Aires when a violent explosion blew out the walls of two floors in an adjoining building His daughter. Paula; sleeping in the bedroom closest to the blast, was killed. At least one security guard in front of the building was also reportedly killed.

Alejandrina Passo de Gil, the owner of the vacant apartment where the explosion took place said that two young men with narcotics squad credentials asked to search the apartment yesterday for drugs. The explosion occurred about an hour after they left

General Videla and Admiral Massera, with Brig. Orlando Agosti, the commander of the air force, overthrew President Isabel Martinez de Perón in March 1976. By decision of the juntal General Videla will serve as President until March 1981, under the supervision of the new junta being formed by the new service commanders. The method of choosing General Videla's successor as President is yet to be decided.

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INCOMING TELEGRAM 8962

BUENOS 02935 1822427 PAGE 01 ACTION HA-05

INFO OCT-01 ARA-14 ISO-00 MCT-01 CIAE-00 DODE-00 INR-10 NSAE-00 PA-02 ICA-20 SP-02 10-14 /069 W

-----067455 2013092 /41

R 1818527 APR 78 FM AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES TO SECSTATE WASHDC 5386

UNCLAS BUENOS AIRES 2935

E.O. 11652: N/A TAGS: SHUM, AR

SUBJECT: SAN JUSTO ABDUCTIONS: ONE REAPPEARANCE

REF: BUENOS AIRES 2762 AND BUENOS AIRES 2834

BUENOS AIRES HERALD ON APRIL 16 STATED THAT FAMILY OF DR. HILDA NORMA ERENU DE L'IWSKI REPORTED THAT SHE WAS RELEASED UNHARMED AT 2 AM ON THE PREVIOUS MORNING. THE FAMILY STATED SHE WAS IN GOOD HEALTH BUT GAVE NO DETAILS.

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INCOMING Telegram

PAGE Ø1 BUENOS Ø2834 15Ø83.7 Z ACTION ARA-14

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 HA-05 PM-05 NSC-05 SP-02 SS-15 CIAE-00 DODE-00 INR-10 NSAE-00 PA-01 ICA-11 H-01 MCT-01 /071 W

R 141516Z APR 78
FM AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 5336

CONFIDENTIAL BUENOS, AIRES 2834

E.O. 11652: GDS TAGS: SHUM, AR SUBJECT: ANOTHER SAN JUSTO ABDUCTION

REF: BUENOS AIRES 2762

- 1. BUENOS AIRES HERALD 4/13 FRONT-PAGED
 AN ACCOUNT OF THE ABDUCTION OF DR. FRANCISCO
 MANUEL GARCIA FERNANDEZ, WHO WAS TAKEN APRIL 5
 FROM A PART OF THE CITY NEAR THE "CENTRO GALLEGO"
 CLINIC--WHERE THE DOCTOR WORKED, AS DID ABDUCTED
 DR. HILDA NORMAL ERENU DE LIWSKI (REFTEL)
- 2. THE WIFE OF DR. GARCIA FERNANDEZ, WHO HAS FILED A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS FOR HER HUSBAND, IS QUOTED SAYING THAT THE DOCTOR WORKED ALSO AT THE SANTI RITA PRIVATE CLINIC IN SAN JUSTO AS A PEDIATRICIAN. SHE SPECIFICALLY ASKED IN THE WRIT FOR A JUDGE TO INQUIRE WHETHER GARDIA FERNANDEZ COULD HAVE BEEN DETAINED FOR HAVING ATTENDED A MASS AT SAN JUSTO CATHEDRAL TO PROTEST THE SITUATION OF A WOMAN OF THAT NEIGHBORHOOD.
- 3. THE WRIT CLAIMS ALSO THAT ANOTHER DOCTOR CONNECTED WITH THE DISPENSARY FOR THE POOR, JORGE EDUARDO HEUMAN, HAD ALSO BEEN ABDUCTED. THIS COULD OF COURSE REFER TO THE PERSON MENTIONED REFTEL PARA 3.
- 4. INFORMATION ON GARCIA FERNANDEZ COINCIDES WITH A GARBLED VERSION OF THE STORY GIVEN US BY THE PARENTS OF NORBERTO LIWSKI, WHO HAD HEARD OF THE DISAPPEARANCE OF A PHYSICIAN FRIEND OF THEIR SON CALLED "PACO". THEY WERE UNCERTAIN WHETHER HIS LAST NAME WAS "GARCIA" OR "FERNANDEZ" OR ANOTHER OF THE VERY COMMON SPANISH SURNAMES.
- 5. WE FIND NO INFORMATION LINKING GARCIA FERNANDEZ WITH THE PARTIDO COMUNISTA REVOLUCIONARIO, IN WHICH BOTH DOCTORS LIWSKI WERE PROMINENT.

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Vilitary's Repressive Policy

Washington Post Foreign Service

BUENOS AIRES Jacobo Timerman, the Argentine newspaper publisher whose year-long imprisonment has become a symbol of repression here and an important irritant in U.S. Argetine relations, will be freed from jail by the end of the month, according to well-informed sources.

These sources said that Timerman's release was approved by Argentina's military junta on March 30 after it beame clear that allegations linking Timer. man to leftist terrorist groups could not be substantiated and that the international uproar caused by his continued detention was harmful to Argentina.

Despite the lack of formal evidence against him, some segments of Argentina's armed forces, have argued for Timerman's continued detention on the grounds that he is a symbol of the Jewish intellectu-als whose liberal ideas the military say helped encourage urban terrorism here.

The decision to release Timerman is seen by some observers as a victory for more moderate military leaders such as President Jorge Videla, commander-in-chief of the army, and Adm. Emilio Massera, commandant of the navy, who have no great love for Timerman but who are said to believe that persons suspected of terrorist activity should not be detained once their innounce is established.

Sources here said that Timerman, once he is redeased from his cell at the federal police head quarters in Buenos Aires, will be placed under house arrest until a commission investigating his financial affairs has completed its work: Eventually it is expected that the junta will allow Timerman, to leave Argentina, probably for Israel, where he has said he would go:

Marshall T. Meyer, who is Timerman's rabbi and who spoke with the newspaper publisher as recently as last week, said in an interview yesterday that "we / fate/when Videla was in Washington last September arrest. It could happen today or next week,"

Rabbi Meyer said he had no reason to think that any problems would occur that would delay Timerman' release beyond the end of April at the latest.

Government sources also said this week that Timerman's release was "certain" and that only a few formalities were left to be worked out.

.The junta clearly hopes that Timerman's release will simprove Argentina's image abroad, badly stained by the military's campaign against terrorists and their sympathizers.

The anti-terrorist drive has been conducted in a gruthless manner similar to, but more effective than, the guerrilla war waged by leftist groups such as the Montoneros and the People's Revolutionary Army: Newspapers here estimate that more than 2 000 people have been killed by leftist terrorists since 1976 while human rights groups estimate that between 8,000 and 20,000 Argentines have disappeared since the military, seized power two years . 20 ago.

It is believed that most of those listed as missing were taken by military squads. Many of those who disappeared in this way are thought to be dead. Prominent among those who have been arrested or have disappeared are many intellectuals, journalists, students with no apparent connection to leftist terrorists.

The military blames these, people for providing the intellectual framework or climate in which terrorism flourished. Timerman has come to symbolize for both the Argentine military and the outside world-the intellectual targets of the anti-terrorist campaign here.

The Carter administration has taken a special in terest in the human rights situation in Argentina as well as in the Timerman case. President Carter personally expressed his zconcern about Timerman's are anxiously awaiting his immulent release to house for the Panama Canal treaty signings. The U.S arrest. It could happen today or next week," ______embassy in Buenos aires keeps abreast of the case.

Alleged Financier Of Guerrilla Group Is Indicted in: N.Y.

By Charles R. Babcock

Washington Post Staff Writer

The alleged financier for a group of Argentine terrorists was indicted yesterday in New York in connection with a swindle of more than \$30 million. He was reportedly killed in a 1976 plane crash, but is believed to be

alive:
David Graiver, the suposedly, dead South American financier; and four other officials of the now defunct American Bank and Trust Co. of New York were charged by a state grand jury with conspiracy, misappropriating funds and falsifying bank records in an international financial scheme involving six countries.

Manhattan District Attorney Robert M. Morgenthau said that most of the funds involved were loaned from the New York bank to a Belgian bank to a number of companies controlled by the Graiver family.

Graiver was identified as having been killed in a plane crash in Mexico in August 1976, just before New York state banking authorities closed American Bank and Trust. He is said to have invested millions of dollars in

buying into that bank.

Stephen Shiffrin, an assistant district attorney in Morgenthau's office said in a telephone interview yester day that the grand jury had reason to believe that Graiver, is still, alive We're too busy up here to go around indicting dead men," he said.

He refused to disclose the evidence that showed Graiver was alive. We're looking for the man. We can't comment on our leads. That might spook him," Shiffrin said.

Graiver's alleged connections with the Montoneros guerrilla group caused a sensation in Argentina a year ago. The ruling junta began circulating stories that he served as a banker and investment counselor for the guerrillas

It was charged that he took Montonero money from bank robberies and kidnap ransoms and invested it in banks overseas. He even paid the guerrillas monthly dividends to bankroll their continuing operations the junta alleged.

Shiffrin declined to say whether the New York investigation uncovered evidence that Graiver was laundering any guerrilla money through the New York bank to investments in Belgium and other countries.

"All that is unreleated to the charges," he said. "We don't say in the indictment, where, the money came from or what happened to it after it left the bank."

The indictment charges specifically that Graiver and other officials of the New York bank illegally made a series of loans to Graiver controlled entities in excess of amounts permitted by state banking laws

Indicted with Graiver were Saul Kagan, Jean Wolf, Edmun A. Flecken stein and Torleaf Benestad, all officials of the New York bank.

The investigation began in August 1976, with the collapse of American Bank and Trust, said to be the fourth largest bank failure in U.S. history to The Belgian bank involved Banque Pour l'Amerique du Sud (BAS), was owned by Graiver and his father it too went bankrupt, and its too official has been charged with related financial crimes in Belgium.

When the allegations of guerrilla connections surfaced last year, members of Graiver's family in Argentina were arrested

DAVID GRAIVER was reported killed

File

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INCOMING TELEGRAM

PAGE 81 BUENOS 82762 122151Z ACTION ARA-14

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 PM-05 NSC-05 SP-02 SS-15 CIAE-00 DODE-00 INR-10 NSAE-00 PA-01 ICA-11 IO-13 HA-05 MCI-01 SY-05 /088 W

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P 121944Z APR 78
FM AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES
TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 5300

CONFIDENTIAL BUENOS AIRES 2762

E.O. 11652: GDS STAGES: SHUH, ARGERIAANS STAGES: SHUH, ARGERIAANS SUBJECT: HORE ON THE SAN JUSTO ABDUCTIONS

REF: BUENOS AIRES 2589

1. WE HAVE LEARNED FURTHER DETAILS OF THE INCIDENT IN WHICH DR. RUAL EDUARDO PETROUCH AND HIS FIANCEE ELISA MORENO WERE ABDUCTED OUTSIDE THE CATHERDIAL OF SAN JUSTO ON MARCH 26, AND OF EVENTS FOLLOWING.

2. A RELIABLE SOURCE HAS INFORMED US THAT ELEVEN PERSONS WERE SEIZED UPON LEAVING THE CHURCH, THE SPECIAL INTENTION OF THE MASS CELEBRATED THAT EASTER SUNDAY EVENING AT 1900 (AN HOUR LATER THAN REPORTED REFTEL) WAS AVOVEDLY "POLITICAL" PRAYERS FOR "PODER EJECUTIVO NACIONAL" PRISONER CIRILA BENITEZ, FURTHER RESEARCH INDICATES THAT MRS. BENITEZ, A PARAGUAYAN JAILED SINCE MARCH OF 1976 WHOSE ARGENTINE HUSBAND ESCAPED THE SECURITY ROUND-UP THAT NETTED HIS WIFE, IS CURRENTLY BEING HELD AT VILLA DEVOTO BUT HAD BEEN MARKED FOR EXPULSION. THE NETHERLANDS HAD AGREED TO RECEIVE MRS. BENITEZ BUT TROUBLE DEVELOPED WHEN IT WAS DISCOVERED THAT HER CHILDREN ARE FOR TECHNICAL-LEGAL REASONS NOT TO BE ALLOWED TO LEAVE ARGENTINA. IT HAD BEEN ARRANGED THAT THE SAN JUSTO MASS BE SAID FOR THIS FAMILY. (COMMENT: UNHOR DIRECTOR KEVIN LYDNETTE TOLD US-4/115 THAT MRS. BENITEZ HAD AT LAST ACCEPTED EXPUSION FROM ARGENTINA, EVEN THOUGH HER CHILDREN'S DEPARTURE HAS STILL NOT BEEN RESOLVED.)

3. WE HAVE A SUBSEQUENT REPORT WHICH WE HAVE NOT BEEN ABLE TO VERIFY THAT THREE DAYS AFTER THE MASS (MARCH 29) A LARGE GROUP OF SECURITY PEOPLE DRESSED IN CIVILIAN CLOTHES FIRST ABDUCTED A HEIGHBORHOOD LEADER AND LATER IN THE DARAIDED THE OFFICE OF A DOCTOR IN THE "CIUDAD GENERAL BELGRANO" AREA ADJACENT TO SAN JUSTO. THE DOCTOR RECEIVED A GUNSHOT WOUND IN THE LEG DURING ABDUCTION. DURING THE FRACAS A GROUP OF NEIGHBORS ASSEMBLED TO PROTEST. SHOTS WERE FIRED OVER THIER HEADS, AND AS SECURITY CARS PULLED AWAY--TAKING THE DOCTOR AND HIS WIFE--SOME OF THE NEIGHBORS PILED INTO A CAR AND FOLLOWED. THE DOCTOR, HIS WIFE AND THE OCCUPANTS OF THE PURSUING CAR HAVE NOT BEEN SEEN SINCE.

4. TWO OTHER ABDUCTIONS OF PHYSICIANS HAVE BEEN REPORTED TO US WHICH APPEAR TO BE RELATED TO THE EVENTS IN SAN JUSTO AND CIUDAD GENERAL BELGRANO: DR. HILDA NORMAL ERENU DE LIWSKI WAS ABDUCTED ON APRIL 5, TAKEN FROM AN AMBULANCE NEAR THE CLINIC WHERE SHE WORKED IN THE FEDERAL CAPITAL. HER HUSBAND, DR. NORBERTO IGNACIO LIWSKI, IS BELIEVED BY HIS PARENTS TO HAVE BEEN ABDUCTED. THE FOLLOWING DAY. BOTH DOCTORS LIWSKI WERE OPENLY AND FOR A LONG TIME MEMBERS OF THE "PARTIDO COMUNISTA

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REVOLUCIONARIO" (NORBERTO A CENTRAL COMMITTEE MEMBER) WHO WORKED AS VOLUNTEERS IN THE POOR
"CIUDAD GENERAL BELGRANO" DISTRICT. (PCR IS NOT A LEGAL PARTY & IS REGARDED BY GOA AS SUBVERSIVE) NORBERTO LIWSKI'S MOTHER AND FATHER WERE TOLD BY ONE OF HIS FRIENDS THAT NORBERTO WAS TO HAVE ATTENDED A MEETING IN THAT AREA OF THE CITY SHORTLY AFTER EASTER, BUT WAS WARNED BY ANOTHER. FRIEND TO STAY AWAY SINCE THERE HAD BEEN TROUBLE FOR MEMBERS OF THE GROUP MEETING AS A RESULT OF THE MASS.
FOR CIRILA BENITEZ. ANOTHER APPARENT LINKAGE OF THE LIWSKI DISAPPEARANCES WITH THE SAN JUSTO EVENTS IS THAT THE AMBULANCE DRIVER SEIZED AT THE SAME TIME HILDA NORMAL ERENU DE LIWSKI WAS TAKEN WAS SUBSEQUENTLY LETTER APPARENT OF A STREET IN SAN JUSTO.

5. THE AREA IN QUESTION IS UNDER THE SECURITY CONTROL
OF THE THIRD REGIMENT OF THE TENTH BRIGADE OF THE
FIRST ARMY CORPS. WE KNOW OF RAIDS BY ONE SECURITY
ARM THAT TAKE PLACE IN THE TERRITORY OF ANOTHER, BUT
THE PATTERN OF EVENTS AT SAN JUSTO RAISES THE SUGGESTION
AT LEAST THAT PERSONS GEOGRAPHICALLY ATTACHED TO THE
ZONE CARRIED OUT THE ABDUCTIONS. REGULAR PROVINCIAL
POLICE FORCES IN SAN JUSTO HAVE THE REPUTATION ALSO OF
BEING UNCOMMONLY TOUGH OPERATORS.

6. EMBASSY HOPES TO HAVE FURTHER DETAILS ON THE SAN JUSTO ABDUCTIONS EARLY NEXT WEEK.

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INCOMING TELEGRAM

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ACTION ARA-14

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O 111912Z APR 78
FM AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES
TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 5269

Ork

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE BUENOS AIRES 2698

E.O. 11652: N/A TAGS: PINS. AR

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF MINISTRY OF ECONOMY OFFICIAL

- 1. EMBASSY HAS CONFIRMED PRESS REPORTS THAT
 MIGUEL TOBIAS PADILLA WAS SHOT TO DEATH IN
 NORTHERN SUBURB OF SAN ISIDRO AT 1015 THIS MORNING.
 PADILLA, 35, AN ASSISTANT TO WALTER KLEIN,
 WAS A SUBSECRETARY IN THE MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
 SPECIALIZING IN WAGE POLICY.
 - 2. FEDERAL POLICE PROMISE PROMPT REPORT ON DETAILS.
 IDENTITY OF ASSASSINS NOT YET ESTABLISHED.
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INCOMING TELEGRAM

PAGE 01

BUENOS 02656 101825Z

ACTION SY-05

INFO OCT-01 ARA-10 ISO-00 MCT-01 EB-08 COME-00 CIAE-00.
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R 101741Z APR 78
FM AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 5250

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE BUENOS AIRES 2656

E.O. 11652: N/A TAGS: ASEC: AR

SUBJECT: TERRORISM INVOLVING U.S. BUSINESS INTERESTS

REF: STATE, 074011

1. ON 4-3-78, A/RSO MET WITH SENIOR SECURITY
OFFICIAL CONCERNING A RAID CONDUCTED ON 3-3-78 BY SECURITY
FORCES. THE RAID WAS CONDUCTED IN THE SOUTHWEST AREA OF
BUENOS AIRES NEAR FLORENCIO VARELA WHICH IS A HEAVILY INDUSTRIALIZED AREA. DURING THIS RAID ONE TERRORIST, WAR NAME VASCO,
THE SECTION LEADER OF THE FIRST SECTION OF THE 25TH COLUMN
OF THE MONTONEROS WAS KILLED. SECURITY FORCES CONFISCATED A
GRENADE LAUNCHER, A FAL AUTOMATIC RIFLE, A MIMEOGRAPH
MACHINE, PROPAGANDA PAMPHLETS AND A LIST OF ABOUT 15-20
COMPANIES, INCLUDING AMERICAN CYANAMID AND ABBOTT LABS. BOTH
OF THESE COMPANIES ARE LOCATED IN THIS GENERAL AREA. SOURCE
STATED THERE WAS NO EVIDENCE OF ANY TERRORIST PLANS AGAINST
THE LISTED COMPANIES OR THEIR EXECUTIVES. HOWEVER, TERRORISTS
CURRENTLY RETAIN THE CAPACITY FOR ATTACKS AGAINST SOFT TARGETS.
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INCOMING TELEGRAM

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PAGE Ø1 BUENOS Ø2661 1Ø1852Z ACTION ARA-14

OCT-01 ISO-00 CIAE-00 DODE-00 PM-05 H-01 INR-1Ø L-03 NSAE-00 NSC-05 PA-01 SP-02 SS-15 ICA-11 SY-05 MCT-01 /074 W

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R 101809Z APR 78 FM AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES TO SECSTATE WASHDC 5252

+ T I A L BUENOS AIRES 2661

E.O. 11652 GDS TAGS ASEC, PINS, AR SUBJECT EXPLOSION IN PRECINCT STATION -- RESURGENCE OF TERRORISH

- 1. BUENOS AIRES NEWSPAPERS 4/7 GAVE PROMINENT COVERAGE TO AN EXPLOSION BETWEEN ONE AND 2 AM ON THE MORNING OF APRIL 6 IN THE 47TH PRECINCT OF THE FEDERAL CAPITAL IN WHICH THE PRECINCT DEPUTY POLICE CHIEF AND ONE OTHER OFFICER WERE KILLED. TWO OTHER PERSONS WERE GRAVELY INJURED. ALTHOUGH FEDERAL POLICE CHIEF OJEDA ORIGINATED AN INVESTIGATION, ACCORDING TO NEWSPAPER ACCOUNTS, SUBSEQUENT INVESTIGATIONS WERE TURNED OVER TO MILITARY AUTHORITIES. NO OFFICAL REPORT WAS ISSUED. PRESS ACCOUNTS ATTRIBUTED THE EXPLOSION TO A HAND GRENADE ON THE PERSON OF A SUSPECT WHO HAD BEEN BROUGHT TO THE STATION FOR QUESTIONING.
- 2. POLICE SOURCES (PROTECT) INFORMED RSO THAT SUSPECT HAD BEEN PICKED UP IN A BAR IN THE 45TH PRECINCT. AT THAT TIME HE WAS ACCOMPANIED BY AN OFFICER OF THE FEDERAL POLICE. HE WAS BROUGH TO THE 47TH PRECINCT FOR QUESTIONING CONCERNING INFORMATION THAT ON PREVIOUS OCCASIONS HE HAD POSSESSION OF EXPLOSIVES AND AUTOMATIC WEAPONS IN HIS VEHICLE. THE FEDERAL POLICE OFFICER WITH SUSPECT IDENTIFIED HIM AS A MEMBER OF THE MILITARY AND WARNED ARRESTING OFFICERS TO HANDLE HIM CAREFULLY. CONSEQUENTLY, ALTHOUGH HE WAS BROUGHT TO THE 47TH POLICE PRECINCT, HE WAS NOT SEARCHED. AT THE PRECINCT, HE IDENTIFIED HIMSELF AS A CONTACT OF EMPLOYEE OF SIDE (SERVICIO DE INFORMACIONES DEL ESTADO -INTELLIGENCE). HE WAS ESCORTED TO THE OFFICE OF THE SUBCOMISARIO OF THE PRECINCT, SHORTLY AFTER THAT AN EXPLOSION OCCURED. KILLING THE SUBCOMISARIO. ONE OTHER OFFICER AND SERIOUSLY, INJURING THE SUSPECT AND ONE OTHER -PERSON. POLICE SPECULATE THAT THE EXPLOSION OCCURED WHEN SUSPECT OR HIS BAG WAS BEING SEARCHED AND ATTRIBUTE IT MOSTLY LIKELY TO AN ACCIDENT.
- 3. POLICE IN OFFICIAL CIRCLES ARE PUSHING THE STORY THAT SUSPECT WAS A MEMBER OF THE ERP WHO WAS BROUGH IN FOR QUESTIONING. THIS MAY BE NECESSARY AS A COVER STORY AND ALSO TO ENSURE THAT THE DECEASED POLICE OFFICERS FAMILIES RECEIVE FULL INSURANCE FOR PENSION BENEFITS. HOWEVER, OUR SOURCES REASSURED US THIS WAS NOT TRUE AND THAT SUSPECT WAS IN FACT A CONTRACT EMPLOYEE OF SIDE.
- 4. RSO COMMENT: ALL ARGENTINE SECURITY SERVICES OFTEN UTILIZE CONTRACTUAL PEOPLE TO HANDLE SPECIAL OPERATIONS. THESE PERSONS SOMETIMES WORK WITH SECURITY IDENTIFICATION AND ARE RECRUITED FROM MANY DIFFERENT WALKS OF LIFE. THESE CONTRACT PERSONS NORMALLY WORK UNDER THE DIRECT SUPER-VISION OF MEMBERS OF THE SECURITY SERVICES. HOWEVER, C NUMEROUS OCCASIONS THEY HAVE BEEN INVOLVED IN MOONLIGHTING INCIDENTS SUCH AS KIDNARPINGS EXTORTIONS AND MURDERS FOR PROFIT. ELIMINATING THE CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES OF THESE CONTRACTUAL PEOPLE HAS BEEN A CONCERN TO THE SECURITY FORCES. CASTRO

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Department of State

INCOMING TELEGRAM

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BUENOS 05943 0214037 PAGE 01

ACTION ARA-14

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 HA-05 10-13 TRSE-00 CIAE-00 DODE-00 PM-05 H-01 INR-10 L-03 NSAE-00 PA-01 SP-02 SS-15 NSCE-00 SSO-00 ICAE-00 INRE-00 MCT-02 SY-05 SYE-00 CCO-00 /077 W

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0 0213507 AUG 78 FM AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES TO SECSTATE WASHDO NIACT IMMEDIATE 6785

MITED OFFICIAL USE BUENOS AIRES 5943

E.O. 11652: N/A TAGS: SHUM, AR SUBJECT: BOMBING OF NAVY CHIEF OF STAFF'S RESIDENCE

- 1. OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE ON THE BOMBING IN WHICH AT LEAST THREE PERSONS DIES AND MORE THAN TEN WERE WOUNDED NOTED POINTEDLY THAT INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND COUNTRIES "WHICH CALL THEMSELVES DEFENDERS OF HUMAN RIGHTS" HAVE NOT "RAISED THEIR VOICES" TO PROTEST THESE INNOCENT DEAD. THE POINT WAS EMPHASIZED REPEATEDLY TUESDAY NIGHT IN A SERIES OF RADIO AND TV COMMENTARIES.
- IN VIEW OF THE USG'S WORLDWIDE STANCE AGAINST TERRORISM. WE SUGGEST THAT THE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN MAKE A STATEMENT ON THE SUBJECT TODAY. I BELIEVE THAT IF WE ARE TO RETAIN CREDITABILITY AND EFFECTIVELY PURSUE OUR HUMAN RIGHTS OBJECTIVES IN ARGENTINA WE MUST GO ON RECORD AS OPPOSING TERRORIST AS WELL AS GOVERNMENT ACTIONS WHICH OFFEND OUR HUMAN RIGHTS POSITION. DECONTROL UPON RECEIPT. CASTRO

NW 52970 DocId:32735951 Page 37 LIMITED: OFFICIAL USE